CSCI 420 Computer Graphics
Lecture 24

Non-Photorealistic Rendering

Pen-and-ink Illustrations
Painterly Rendering
Cartoon Shading
Technical Illustrations

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Goals of Computer Graphics

- Traditional: Photorealism
- Sometimes, we want more
  - Cartoons
  - Artistic expression in paint, pen-and-ink
  - Technical illustrations
  - Scientific visualization [Lecture next week]

cartoon shading

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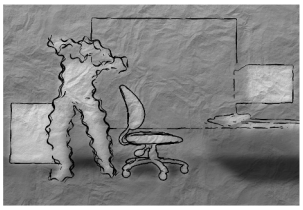
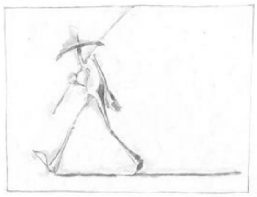
Non-Photorealistic Rendering

"A means of creating imagery that does not aspire to realism" - Stuart Green



Cassidy Curtis 1998



David Gainey

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Non-photorealistic Rendering

Also called:

- Expressive graphics
- Artistic rendering
- Non-realistic graphics
- Art-based rendering
- Psychographics

Source: ATI

Source: Bosch (2010)

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Some NPR Categories

- Pen-and-Ink illustration
  - Techniques: cross-hatching, outlines, line art, etc.
- Painterly rendering
  - Styles: impressionist, expressionist, pointilist, etc.
- Cartoons
  - Effects: cartoon shading, distortion, etc.
- Technical illustrations
  - Characteristics: Matte shading, edge lines, etc.
- Scientific visualization
  - Methods: splatting, hedgehogs, etc.

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Outline

- Pen-and-Ink Illustrations
- Painterly Rendering
- Cartoon Shading
- Technical Illustrations

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Hue

- Perception of "distinct" colors by humans
- Red
- Green
- Blue
- Yellow

Hue Scale

Source: Wikipedia

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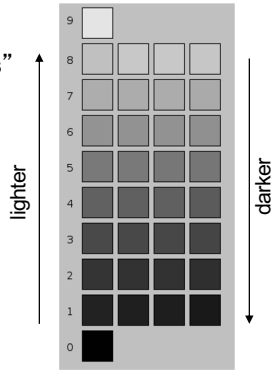
Tone

- Perception of "brightness" of a color by humans
- Also called lightness
- Important in NPR



Source: Wikipedia

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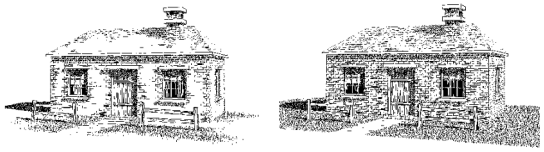
Pen-and-Ink Illustrations

Winkenbach and Salesin 1994



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Pen-and-Ink Illustrations

- Strokes
  - Curved lines of varying thickness and density
- Texture
  - Conveyed by collection of strokes
- Tone
  - Perceived gray level across image or segment
- Outline
  - Boundary lines that disambiguate structure

Winkenbach and Salesin 1994

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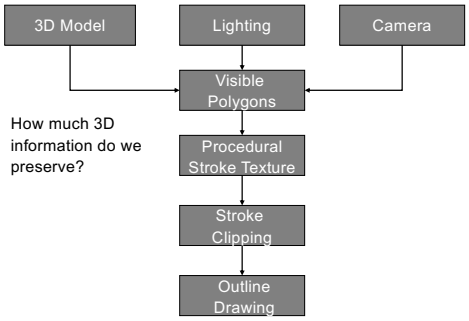
Rendering Pipeline: Polygonal Surfaces with NPR



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Strokes and Stroke Textures

- Stroke generated by moving along straight path
- Stroke perturbed by
  - Waviness function (straightness)
  - Pressure function (thickness)
- Collected in stroke textures
  - Tone dependent
  - Resolution dependent
  - Orientation dependent
- How automatic are stroke textures?

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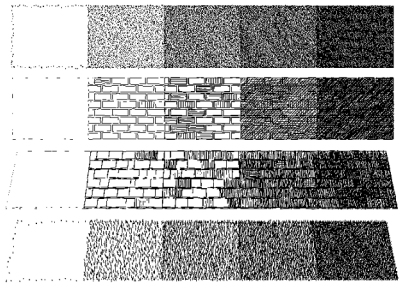
Stroke Texture Examples



Winkenbach and Salesin 1994

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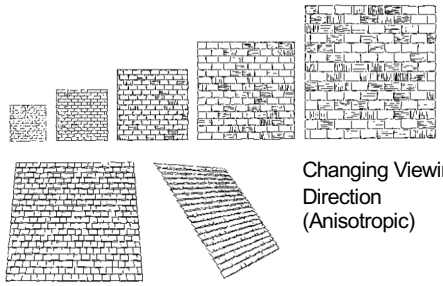
Stroke Texture Operations

Scaling



Changing Viewing Direction (Anisotropic)

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Indication

- Selective addition of detail
- Difficult to automate
- User places detail segments interactively

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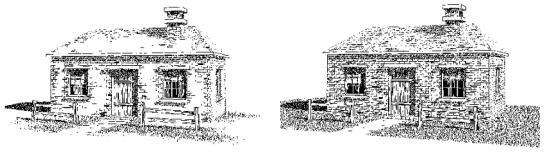
Indication Example

Input without detail

With indication

Without indication



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Outlines

- Boundary or interior outlines
- Accented outlines for shadowing and relief
- Dependence on viewing direction
- Suggest shadow direction

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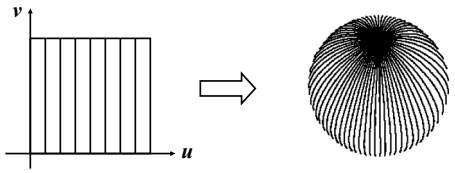
Rendering Parametric Surfaces

- Stroke orientation and density
  - Place strokes along isoparametric lines
  - Choose density for desired tone
  - tone = spacing / width



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Parametric Surface Example

Winkenbach and Salesin 1996

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Hatching + standard rendering

Constant-density hatching

Smooth shading with single light

Longer smoother strokes for glass

Environment mapping

Varying reflection coefficient

Standard rendering techniques are still important!

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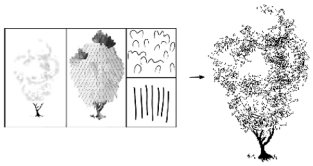
Orientable Textures

- Inputs
  - Grayscale image to specify desired tone
  - Direction field
  - Stroke character
- Output
  - Stroke shaded image

Salisbury et al. 1997



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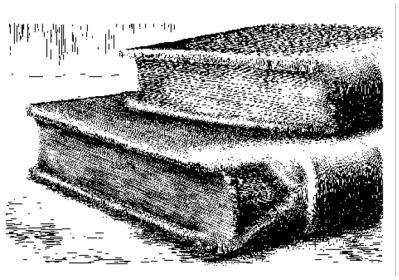
Orientable Stroke Texture Example



Salisbury et al. 1997

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Outline

- Pen-and-Ink Illustrations
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- Cartoon Shading
- Technical Illustrations

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Painterly Rendering

- Physical simulation
  - User applies brushstrokes
  - Computer simulates media (paper + ink)
- Automatic painting
  - User provides input image or 3D model
  - User specifies painting parameters
  - Computer generates all strokes

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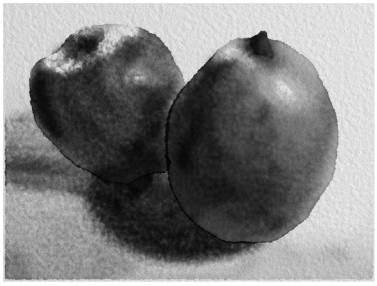
Physical Simulation Example



Curtis et al. 1997, *Computer Generated Watercolor*

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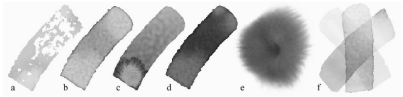
Computer-Generated Watercolor

- Complex physical phenomena for artistic effect
- Build simple approximations
- Paper generation as random height field

- Simulated effects



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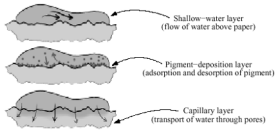
Fluid Dynamic Simulation

- Use water velocity, viscosity, drag, pressure, pigment concentration, paper gradient
- Paper saturation and capacity



- Discretize and use cellular automata

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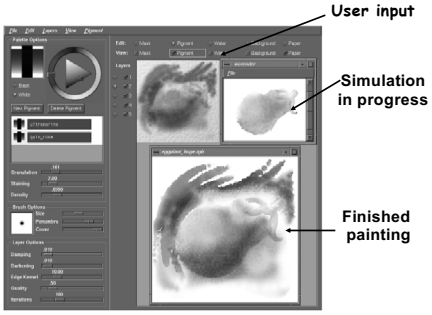
Interactive Painting



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Automatic Painting Example

Hertzmann 1998

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Automatic Painting from Images

- Start from color image: no 3D information
- Paint in resolution-based layers
  - Blur to current resolution
  - Select brush based on current resolution
  - Find area of largest error compared to real image
  - Place stroke
  - Increase resolution and repeat
- Layers are painted coarse-to-fine
- Styles controlled by parameters

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Layered Painting

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Painting Styles

- Style determined by parameters
  - Approximation thresholds
  - Brush sizes
  - Curvature filter
  - Blur factor
  - Minimum and maximum stroke lengths
  - Opacity
  - Grid size
  - Color jitter
- Encapsulate parameter settings as style

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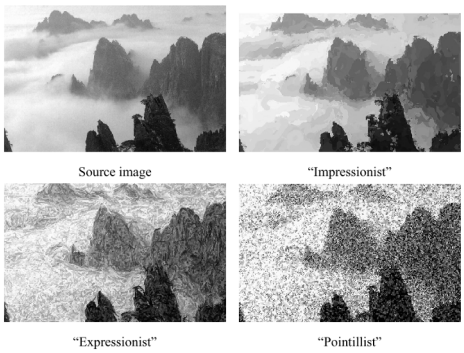
Style Examples



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Some Styles

- "Impressionist"
  - No random color, 4 ≤ stroke length ≤ 16
  - Brush sizes 8, 4, 2; approximation threshold 100
- "Expressionist"
  - Random factor 0.5, 10 ≤ stroke length ≤ 16
  - Brush sizes 8, 4, 2; approximation threshold 50
- "Pointilist"
  - Random factor ~0.75, 0 ≤ stroke length ≤ 0
  - Brush sizes 4, 2; approximation threshold 100
- Not completely convincing to artists (yet?)

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Automatic Painting Using Neural Networks

Wu et al. 2018

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Outline

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Cartoon Shading

- Shading model in 2D cartoons
  - Use material color and shadow color
  - Present lighting cues, shape, and context
- Stylistic
- Used in many animated movies
- Real-time techniques for games

Rivers et al. 2010

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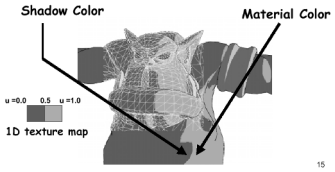
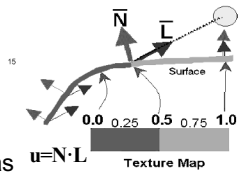
Cartoon Shading as Texture Map

- Apply shading as 1D texture map



Carl Marshall 2000



- Two-pass technique:
  Pass 1: standard shader
  Pass 2: use result from 1 as texture coordinates

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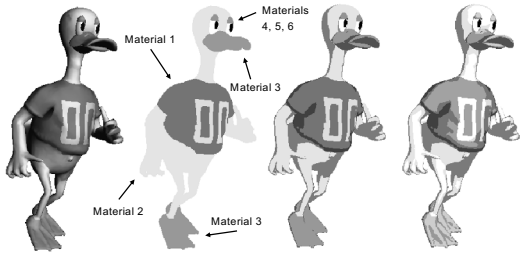
Shading Variations



Gouraud	1 texel	2 texels	8 texels
	Flat shading	Shadow	Shadow + highlight

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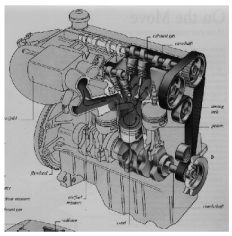
Technical Illustrations

- Level of abstraction
  - Accent important 3D properties
  - Dimish or eliminate extraneous details
- Do not represent reality

Ruppel 1995



Photo

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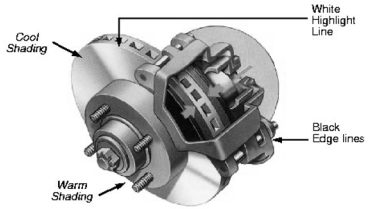
Conventions in Technical Illustrations

- Black edge lines
- Cool to warm shading colors
- Single light source; shadows rarely used



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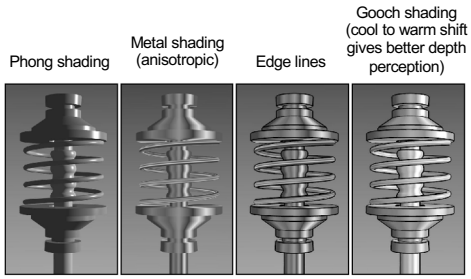
Technical Illustration Example



Source: Bruce Gooch

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The Future

- Smart graphics
  - Design from the user's perspective
  - HCI, AI, Perception
- Artistic graphics
  - More tools for the creative artist
  - New styles and ideas

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Summary

- Beyond photorealism
  - Artistic appeal
  - Technical explanation and illustration
  - Scientific visualization
- Use all traditional computer graphics tools
- Employ them in novel ways
- Have fun!

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